### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

**14 CFR Part 39** 

[Docket No. FAA-2023-0011; Project Identifier MCAI-2022-00211-T]

**RIN 2120-AA64** 

Airworthiness Directives; Airbus SAS Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

**SUMMARY:** The FAA proposes to supersede Airworthiness Directive

(AD) 2013-07-03, which applies to all Airbus SAS Model A330-200, A330-200 Freighter, A330-300, A340-200, and A340-300 series airplanes; and Model A340-541 and A340-642 airplanes. AD 2013-07-03 requires repetitive inspections for degradation of the bogie pivot pins and for any cracks and damage of the pivot pin bushes of the main and central landing gear; an inspection of the affected bogie pivot pins for corrosion and base metal cracks; and repairing or replacing bogie pivot pins and pivot pin bushes, if necessary. Since the FAA issued AD 2013-07-03, a modification was developed that addresses the unsafe condition and it was determined that a parts installation prohibition is necessary. This proposed AD would continue to require certain actions in AD 2013-07-03, add an optional modification that would terminate the repetitive inspections, and add a parts installation prohibition, as specified in a European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD, which is proposed for incorporation by reference (IBR). The FAA is proposing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products. **DATES:** The FAA must receive comments on this proposed AD by [INSERT DATE 45] DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].

**ADDRESSES:** You may send comments, using the procedures found in 14 CFR 11.43 and 11.45, by any of the following methods:

- Federal eRulemaking Portal: Go to regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
  - Fax: 202-493-2251.
- Mail: U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M-30, West
   Building Ground Floor, Room W12-140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC
   20590.
- Hand Delivery: Deliver to Mail address above between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

*AD Docket*: You may examine the AD docket at regulations.gov under Docket No. FAA-2023-0011; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this NPRM, the mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI), any comments received, and other information. The street address for Docket Operations is listed above.

*Material Incorporated by Reference*:

- For the EASA AD identified in this NPRM, you may contact EASA, Konrad-Adenauer-Ufer 3, 50668 Cologne, Germany; telephone +49 221 8999 000; email ADs@easa.europa.eu; website easa.europa.eu. You may find this material on the EASA website at ad.easa.europa.eu. It is also available at regulations.gov under Docket No. FAA-2023-0011.
- You may view this service information at the FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 2200 South 216th St., Des Moines, WA. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call 206-231-3195.

  FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Vladimir Ulyanov, Aerospace

Engineer, Large Aircraft Section, FAA, International Validation Branch, 2200 South

216th St., Des Moines, WA 98198; telephone 206-231-3229; email vladimir.ulyanov@faa.gov.

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

#### **Comments Invited**

The FAA invites you to send any written relevant data, views, or arguments about this proposal. Send your comments to an address listed under ADDRESSES. Include "Docket No. FAA-2023-0011; Project Identifier MCAI-2022-00211-T" at the beginning of your comments. The most helpful comments reference a specific portion of the proposal, explain the reason for any recommended change, and include supporting data. The FAA will consider all comments received by the closing date and may amend this proposal because of those comments.

Except for Confidential Business Information (CBI) as described in the following paragraph, and other information as described in 14 CFR 11.35, the FAA will post all comments received, without change, to regulations.gov, including any personal information you provide. The agency will also post a report summarizing each substantive verbal contact received about this NPRM.

## **Confidential Business Information**

CBI is commercial or financial information that is both customarily and actually treated as private by its owner. Under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) (5 U.S.C. 552), CBI is exempt from public disclosure. If your comments responsive to this NPRM contain commercial or financial information that is customarily treated as private, that you actually treat as private, and that is relevant or responsive to this NPRM, it is important that you clearly designate the submitted comments as CBI. Please mark each page of your submission containing CBI as "PROPIN." The FAA will treat such marked submissions as confidential under the FOIA, and they will not be placed in the public docket of this NPRM. Submissions containing CBI should be sent to Vladimir Ulyanov,

Aerospace Engineer, Large Aircraft Section, FAA, International Validation Branch, 2200 South 216th St., Des Moines, WA 98198; telephone 206-231-3229; email vladimir.ulyanov@faa.gov. Any commentary that the FAA receives which is not specifically designated as CBI will be placed in the public docket for this rulemaking.

## Background

The FAA issued AD 2013-07-03, Amendment 39-17407 (78 FR 21227, April 10, 2013) (AD 2013-07-03), for all Airbus SAS Model A330-200, A330-200 Freighter, A330-300, A340-200, and A340-300 series airplanes; and Model A340-541 and A340-642 airplanes. AD 2013-07-03 was prompted by an MCAI originated by EASA, which is the Technical Agent for the Member States of the European Union. EASA issued AD 2012-0053, dated March 30, 2012, to correct an unsafe condition.

AD 2013-07-03 requires repetitive detailed inspections for degradation of the bogie pivot pins and for any cracks and damage of the pivot pin bushes of the main and central landing gear; a magnetic particle inspection of the affected bogie pivot pins for corrosion and base metal cracks; and repairing or replacing bogie pivot pins and pivot pin bushes, if necessary. The FAA issued AD 2013-07-03 to detect and correct cracks and damage to the main and central landing gear, which could result in the collapse of the landing gear and adversely affect the airplane's continued safe flight and landing.

## **Actions Since AD 2013-07-03 Was Issued**

Since the FAA issued AD 2013-07-03, EASA superseded EASA AD 2012-0053, dated March 30, 2012, and issued EASA AD 2022-0025R2, dated August 9, 2022 (EASA AD 2022-0025R2) (also referred to as the MCAI), to correct an unsafe condition for all Airbus SAS Model A330-201, A330-202, A330-203, A330-223, A330-223F, A330-243, A330-243F, A330-301, A330-302, A330-303, A330-321, A330-322, A330-323, A330-341, A330-342 and A330-343 airplanes; and Model A340-211, A340-212, A340-213, A340-311, A340-312, A340-313, A340-541, A340-542, A340-642 and

A340-643 airplanes. Model A340-542 and A340-643 airplanes are not certificated by the FAA and are not included on the U.S. type certificate data sheet; this proposed AD therefore does not include those airplanes in the applicability.

The MCAI states that since EASA issued AD 2012-0053, dated March 30, 2012, Airbus developed mod 207165 and mod 207649, introducing a new bogie pivot pin for certain main landing gear. The MCAI includes the modification as an optional terminating action for the repetitive inspections. The MCAI also determined that a parts installation prohibition is necessary. The MCAI also states that main and central landing gear overhauls contains actions that are equivalent to those required by EASA AD 2012-0053, dated March 30, 2012, and therefore, credit is provided for those actions.

The FAA is issuing this AD to address cracks and damage to the main and central landing gear. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could result in the collapse of the landing gear and consequent damage to the airplane and injury to occupants. You may examine the MCAI in the AD docket at regulations.gov under Docket No. FAA-2023-0011.

### **Explanation of Retained Requirements**

Although this proposed AD does not explicitly restate the requirements of AD 2013-07-03, this proposed AD would retain certain requirements of AD 2013-07-03. Those requirements are referenced in EASA AD 2022-0025R2, which, in turn, is referenced in paragraph (g) of this proposed AD.

# **Related Service Information Under 1 CFR Part 51**

EASA AD 2022-0025R2 specifies procedures for repetitive detailed inspections for degradation of the bogic pivot pins and for any cracks and damage of the pivot pin bushes of the main and central landing gear; an non-destructive test (NDT) inspection (i.e., magnetic particle inspection) of the affected bogic pivot pins for corrosion and base metal cracks; and corrective actions if necessary (i.e., repairing or replacing bogic pivot

pins and pivot pin bushes). EASA AD 2022-0025R2 also provides an optional modification, which terminates the repetitive inspections. EASA AD 2022-0025R2 also includes a parts installation prohibition for the affected parts.

This material is reasonably available because the interested parties have access to it through their normal course of business or by the means identified in the ADDRESSES section.

## **FAA's Determination**

This product has been approved by the aviation authority of another country and is approved for operation in the United States. Pursuant to the FAA's bilateral agreement with the State of Design Authority, it has notified the FAA of the unsafe condition described in the MCAI referenced above. The FAA is issuing this NPRM after determining that the unsafe condition described previously is likely to exist or develop in other products of the same type design.

## **Proposed AD Requirements in this NPRM**

This proposed AD would require accomplishing the actions specified in EASA AD 2022-0025R2 described previously, except for any differences identified as exceptions in the regulatory text of this proposed AD.

### **Explanation of Required Compliance Information**

In the FAA's ongoing efforts to improve the efficiency of the AD process, the FAA developed a process to use some civil aviation authority (CAA) ADs as the primary source of information for compliance with requirements for corresponding FAA ADs.

The FAA has been coordinating this process with manufacturers and CAAs. As a result, the FAA proposes to incorporate EASA AD 2022-0025R2 by reference in the FAA final rule. This proposed AD would, therefore, require compliance with EASA AD 2022-0025R2 in its entirety through that incorporation, except for any differences identified as exceptions in the regulatory text of this proposed AD. Using common terms

that are the same as the heading of a particular section in EASA AD 2022-0025R2 does not mean that operators need comply only with that section. For example, where the AD requirement refers to "all required actions and compliance times," compliance with this AD requirement is not limited to the section titled "Required Action(s) and Compliance Time(s)" in EASA AD 2022-0025R2. Service information required by EASA AD 2022-0025R2 for compliance will be available at regulations.gov under Docket No. FAA-2023-0011 after the FAA final rule is published.

# **Costs of Compliance**

The FAA estimates that this AD, if adopted as proposed, would affect 115 airplanes of U.S. registry. The FAA estimates the following costs to comply with this proposed AD:

## **Estimated costs for required actions**

Action	Labor cost	Parts cost	Cost per product	Cost on U.S. operators
Retained actions from AD 2013-07-03	22 work-hours X \$85 per hour = \$1,870	\$0	\$1,870	\$215,050

# Estimated costs for new optional action

Labor cost	Parts cost	Cost per product
24 work-hours X \$85 per hour = \$2,040	Up to \$30,150	Up to \$32,190

#### **Estimated costs of on-condition actions**

Labor cost	Parts cost	Cost per product
Up to 8 work-hours X \$85 per hour = \$680	Up to \$2,122	Up to \$2,802

## **Authority for this Rulemaking**

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator.

Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

The FAA is issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements. Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

# **Regulatory Findings**

The FAA determined that this proposed AD would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This proposed AD would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify this proposed regulation:

- (1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866,
- (2) Would not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska, and
- (3) Would not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

## **The Proposed Amendment**

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA proposes to amend 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

### PART 39 - AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

# § 39.13 [Amended]

- 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by:
- a. Removing Airworthiness Directive (AD) AD 2013-07-03, Amendment 39-17407 (78 FR 21227, April 10, 2013); and
  - b. Adding the following new AD:

Airbus SAS: Docket No. FAA-2023-0011; Project Identifier MCAI-2022-00211-T.

## (a) Comments Due Date

The FAA must receive comments on this airworthiness directive (AD) by [INSERT DATE 45 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].

## (b) Affected ADs

This AD replaces AD 2013-07-03, Amendment 39-17407 (78 FR 21227, April 10, 2013) (AD 2013-07-03).

### (c) Applicability

This AD applies to all Airbus SAS airplanes identified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (5) of this AD; certificated in any category.

- (1) Model A330-201, -202, -203, -223, -223F, -243 and -243F airplanes.
- (2) Model A330-301, -302, -303, -321, -322, -323, -341, -342, and -343 airplanes.
- (3) Model A340-211, -212, and -213 airplanes.
- (4) Model A340-311, -312, and -313 airplanes.
- (5) Model A340-541 and -642 airplanes.

## (d) Subject

Air Transport Association (ATA) of America Code 32, Landing gear.

## (e) Unsafe Condition

This AD was prompted by reports of cracks in the bogie pivot pin of the main and central landing gear bogie beams. Investigation indicated these finding were the result of material heating due to friction between the bogie pivot pin and bush, leading to chrome detachment and chrome dragging on the bogie pivot pin. Since issuance of AD 2013-07-03, an optional terminating modification was developed and it was also determined that a parts installation prohibition is necessary. The FAA is issuing this AD to address cracks and damage to the main and central landing gear. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could result in the collapse of the landing gear and consequent damage to the airplane and injury to occupants.

# (f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

# (g) Requirements

Except as specified in paragraph (h) of this AD: Comply with all required actions and compliance times specified in, and in accordance with, European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD 2022-0025R2, dated August 9, 2022 (EASA AD 2022-0025R2).

## (h) Exceptions to EASA AD 2022-0025R2

- (1) Where EASA AD 2022-0025R2 refers to March 1, 2022 (the effective date of EASA AD 2022-0025, dated February 15, 2022), this AD requires using the effective date of this AD.
- (2) Where EASA AD 2022-0025R2 refers to April 13, 2012 (the effective date of EASA AD 2012-0053, dated March 30, 2012), this AD requires using May 15, 2013 (the effective date of AD 2013-07-03).
- (3) Where paragraph (4) of EASA AD 2022-0025R2 specifies corrective actions for the non-destructive test (NDT) inspection, replace the text "the base metal of the

affected part is found corroded" with "the bogie pivot pin is found corroded or the base metal is found cracked."

(4) This AD does not adopt the "Remarks" section of EASA AD 2022-0025R2.

# (i) No Reporting Requirement

Although the service information referenced in EASA AD 2022-0025R2 specifies to submit certain information to the manufacturer, this AD does not include that requirement.

# (j) Additional AD Provisions

The following provisions also apply to this AD:

- (1) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs): The Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or responsible Flight Standards Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the International Validation Branch, send it to the attention of the person identified in paragraph (k) of this AD. Information may be emailed to: 9-AVS-AIR-730-AMOC@faa.gov.
- (i) Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the responsible Flight Standards Office.
- (ii) AMOCs approved previously for AD 2013-07-03 are approved as AMOCs for the corresponding provisions of EASA AD 2022-0025R2 that are required by paragraph (g) of this AD.
- (2) Contacting the Manufacturer: For any requirement in this AD to obtain instructions from a manufacturer, the instructions must be accomplished using a method approved by the Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA; or EASA; or Airbus SAS's EASA Design Organization Approval (DOA). If approved by the DOA, the approval must include the DOA-authorized signature.

(3) Required for Compliance (RC): Except as required by paragraph (j)(2) of this AD, if any service information contains procedures or tests that are identified as RC, those procedures and tests must be done to comply with this AD; any procedures or tests that are not identified as RC are recommended. Those procedures and tests that are not identified as RC may be deviated from using accepted methods in accordance with the operator's maintenance or inspection program without obtaining approval of an AMOC, provided the procedures and tests identified as RC can be done and the airplane can be put back in an airworthy condition. Any substitutions or changes to procedures or tests identified as RC require approval of an AMOC.

# (k) Additional Information

For more information about this AD, contact Vladimir Ulyanov, Aerospace Engineer, Large Aircraft Section, FAA, International Validation Branch, 2200 South 216th St., Des Moines, WA 98198; telephone 206-231-3229; email vladimir.ulyanov@faa.gov.

### (1) Material Incorporated by Reference

- (1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference (IBR) of the service information listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.
- (2) You must use this service information as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless this AD specifies otherwise.
- (i) European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD 2022-0025R2, dated August 9, 2022.
  - (ii) [Reserved]
- (3) For EASA AD 2022-0025R2, contact EASA, Konrad-Adenauer-Ufer 3, 50668 Cologne, Germany; telephone +49 221 8999 000; email ADs@easa.europa.eu; website easa.europa.eu. You may find this EASA AD on the EASA website at ad.easa.europa.eu.

(4) You may view this service information at the FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 2200 South 216th St., Des Moines, WA. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call 206-231-3195.

(5) You may view this service information that is incorporated by reference at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, email fr.inspection@nara.gov, or go to: www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations.html.

Issued on January 5, 2023.

Christina Underwood, Acting Director, Compliance & Airworthiness Division, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2023-00262 Filed: 1/12/2023 8:45 am; Publication Date: 1/13/2023]